

**2016 POINT IN TIME HOMELESS CENSUS SURVEY
AND MULTI YEAR 2011 – 2016 ANALYSIS**

**CITY OF HARRISBURG AND DAUPHIN COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA**



Submitted by the



Capital Area Coalition on Homelessness

*...to educate and mobilize our community and coordinate services to
prevent and reduce homelessness in the Capital Region.*

INTRODUCTION

The 2016 Annual Point in Time (PIT) homeless census and survey by the Capital Area Coalition on Homelessness (CACH) was conducted from noon on February 3rd till noon February 4th 2016. This represents a community wide effort to enumerate and survey individuals and families who experience homelessness in the City of Harrisburg and Dauphin County, Pennsylvania. This endeavor is done in concert with Continuum of Cares (CoCs) nationwide i.e. geographic consortiums of housing and homeless service providers, related organizations, public and private entities, homeless and formerly homeless members who have as their goal to end homelessness.

CACH mobilized volunteers and its membership of over seventy organizations in its CoC (PA501) to gather survey information on persons in shelters, transitional housing, Safe Havens, and permanent housing programs. CACH also surveyed those who are unsheltered at places like soup kitchens, service agencies and through some street and camp outreach. In addition, surveys were gathered on those who were imminently in danger of needing shelter or being unsheltered.

This year a more concentrated effort was made to enumerate unsheltered and veterans as part of HUD and VA focus including post point in time unduplicated counts of those who were homeless on the night of the point in time as permitted in official PIT methodology by HUD.

Basic client beneficiary information on gender, ethnicity, family size, marital status, residence of origin, sources of income, and veteran status was gathered. Further questions probed participants' current homeless situation, duration and reasons for homelessness. The final set of questions queried the type of housing that was requested or rendered.

The organizations, volunteers and sites that participated in the 2016 PIT include (in alphabetical order): Bethesda Mission and Mobile Street Mission; Brethren Housing Association; Bridge of Hope; Capital Area Intermediate Unit; Case Management Unit of Dauphin County; Christian Churches United and Susquehanna Safe Harbor; Dauphin County Crisis Intervention; Dauphin County Housing Authority; Dauphin County Children and Youth; DELTA Community (Gaudenzia); Downtown Daily Bread; Catholic Charities; Family Promise of Harrisburg and Capital Region; Harrisburg School District; Harrisburg Housing Authority; HELP Ministries; Holy Spirit Medical Outreach; Interfaith Shelter, Catholic Charities; Keystone Community Mental Health Service; NHS CDA-Windows; Pinnacle Health – Harrisburg Hospital; Salvation Army; Shalom House; St. Francis Soup Kitchen; the YWCA Harrisburg; and Lebanon VAMC.

Special thanks to all these organizations, members and volunteers of CACH, and to the Service Delivery and Data Collection Committees for making the 2016 Point in Time Survey possible.

This 2016 report details the 2016 results of Point in Time surveys and compares them at each category with results from PITs conducted since 2011 for a multi-year analysis. National and State data is also presented for comparison (in italics) where possible from the most current US Department of Housing and Urban Development's *2015 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress* (AHAR)'s 2007 -2015 and the *2014 AHAR* and its related addendums.

KEY FINDINGS AND SUMMARY

The 2016 Point in Time enumerated **433 people of which 132 were children** who resided in shelter, transitional housing, Safe Havens or who were unsheltered i.e. defined as “homeless.” Another 190 including 48 children were counted who are no longer homeless but reside in permanent housing programs. 11 adults and 2 children who are “near homeless” were counted.

Highlights and trends from the 2016 PIT and multi-year analysis:

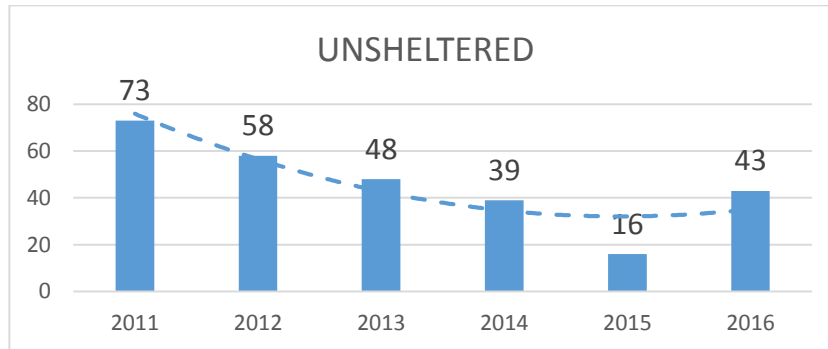
1. The total number of **persons who experience “homelessness” (both sheltered and unsheltered)** increased by 8 percent or 31 persons since 2015, and the homeless trend over the past six years is upward.

Nationally, homelessness decreased by 2 percent (11,742) since 2015 and 11 percent (82,550) since 2007, but Pennsylvania is one of 13 states where the homeless count did increase in recent years, although since 2007 it has decreased by 5 percent.

2. The count of those who are **unsheltered** increased this year compared to last year but that is likely due to an undercount last year. Overall unsheltered homelessness decreased significantly from 73 in 2011 to 43 in 2016. This year’s total of 43 unsheltered persons is similar to 39 in 2014 possibly indicating a leveling off of the decreasing trend.

National and state trends also showed a decrease since 2007, but Pennsylvania showed an increase of unsheltered persons from 2014 to 2015 and an increase of 35 percent since 2011.

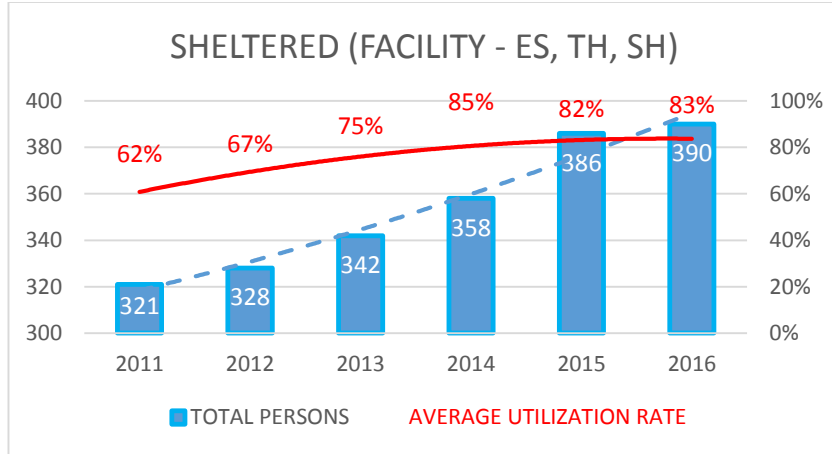
Chart 1



3. Those who were **sheltered** (in emergency shelter (ES), transitional housing (TH) or safe haven (SH)) increased from 321 to 390 (21 percent) in six years and by 16 persons in the past year. Emergency shelter count and utilization increase was steady. However, the transitional housing count increased sharply from 138 in 2014 to 166 persons in 2015.

Nationally, the sheltered population count stayed the same oscillating along a constant trend line average and in 2016 the count (391,440) was nearly the same as in 2007. In Pennsylvania the sheltered population census remained unchanged over six years, although it decreased minimally by 2 percent since 2015 and 5 percent since 2007.

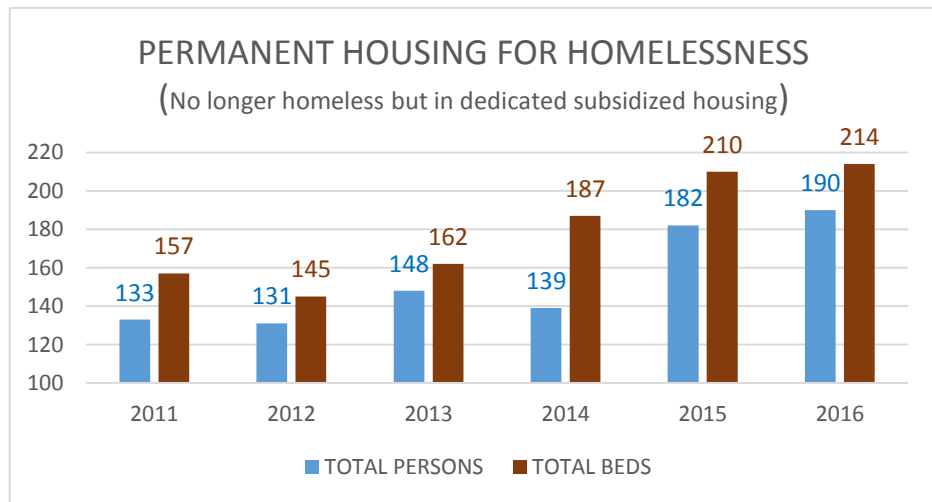
Chart 2



- The **permanent housing (PH) census** rose to 190 and PH inventory increased also to 214 beds in 2016.

National trends also show an increase in permanent housing inventory since 2007, but in Pennsylvania permanent housing beds decreased in 2014 according to the 2014 AHAR.

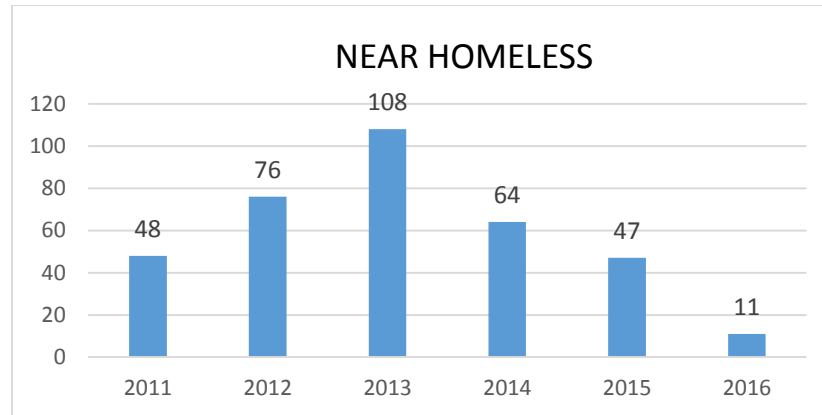
Chart 3



- Over the six years Dauphin County’s “**near homeless**” count (those who are not on in a homeless facility or unsheltered but are unstably and temporarily housed for instance with friends or family) increased and then decreased since 2013 to now its lowest level in 2016. This may be a factor of this sub-population not showing up or being counted in the PIT venues that count the homeless population, because traditionally near homeless are hard to count and are higher in numbers than those who are in shelter or unsheltered.

However, since counting method and venues remained unchanged the declining trend may suggest that persons “near homeless” are utilizing shelter or transitional housing, as evidenced by increase in shelter use and that “temporary living situation ended” (i.e. near homeless) is the primary given reason for homelessness by those who are sheltered.

Chart 4



6. Nearly half of the homeless population were **homeless more than once** (49.2 percent).
7. 53 persons are **chronically homeless**, which for our purposes include those residing in transitional housing which is excluded in the federal definition of chronic homelessness. This is a decrease from 28.4 percent of the total homeless population to 17.6 percent. In previous years the count of chronic homelessness was rising.

Nationally, chronic homelessness decreased by 1 percent between 2015 and 2014 but by 31 percent since 2007. In Pennsylvania, the chronic homeless census from 2014 to 2015 increased despite a decrease in the sheltered count, because the unsheltered chronically homeless count increased. Overall, in the State there is an overall decrease by 8 percent since 2011, although the census count is the same as in 2007 but less who are unsheltered.
8. **Locality of homelessness:** 61.1 percent became homeless while in the city of Harrisburg and 13 percent became homeless in Dauphin County outside of Harrisburg. Over one quarter (25.6 percent) were from outside of Dauphin County when they became homeless.
9. There are **more homeless males** at a ratio of 60:40 to females in 2016 and most years except in 2012 and 2013 which showed the reverse. *In the nation males make up 72% of the homeless population.*
10. 13 percent of those who responded were Hispanic in ethnicity. In 2016 half the homeless population (50.5 percent) were Caucasian and 47.9 percent were African Americans, which differed from all other year where African Americans were 50 percent or higher.

17 percent of persons experiencing homelessness in the US are Hispanic who tend to be more unsheltered than sheltered. Most unaccompanied homeless individuals are Caucasian (54 percent) and 36 percent are African American. African American are higher percentage in sheltered venues and of sheltered homeless families.
11. The average age of those experiencing homelessness is 43 years old.
12. A little over $\frac{3}{4}$ of the homeless population are unaccompanied (76.1 percent) i.e. by themselves. *In the US unaccompanied homeless individuals are 63 percent and 56 percent in Pennsylvania.*
13. Homelessness among families remained relatively unchanged over five years, being one quarter of homeless persons surveyed. In 2016 132 children were homeless, or 30 percent of the homeless population.

Family homelessness decreased in the US and Pennsylvania from 2014 to 2015 by 5 and 2 percent respectively and by 12 and 15 percent respectively since 2007. Overall family homelessness in the US declined due to a sharp decrease in unsheltered families the number of sheltered families increased by 4 percent. In Pennsylvania, the number of sheltered families declined but the count of unsheltered families increased since 2007.

14. In the 2016 PIT there were 29 homeless youth ages 18 – 24, none unsheltered, predominantly female, and over 60 percent of this population were youth parenting their own children.

In national statistics 58% of sheltered homeless youth are female and the reverse is the case for unsheltered. There are more transgendered unsheltered youth than compared to those sheltered. Most sheltered youth are African American whereas unsheltered are predominantly Caucasian, and the percentage of unsheltered youth who are Hispanic is higher than the percentage of all Hispanic persons experiencing homelessness.

15. The number of homeless Veterans counted increased from 2015 to 2016, although the trend continually decreased since 2011. Due to increased veterans’ transitional and permanent housing opportunities the percentage of Veterans who are unsheltered has steadily and significantly decreased over five years to 2 percent in 2015 but jumped up to 12 percent in 2016 due in part to a higher focused effort in the unsheltered count this year.

Nationally 11 percent of those experiencing homelessness are Veterans and 34 percent are unsheltered. In Pennsylvania, 9 percent of the homeless population are veterans and of that only 8 percent are unsheltered. Veteran homelessness decreased in the U.S. by 4 percent and in Pennsylvania by 3 percent since 2014.

Chart 5

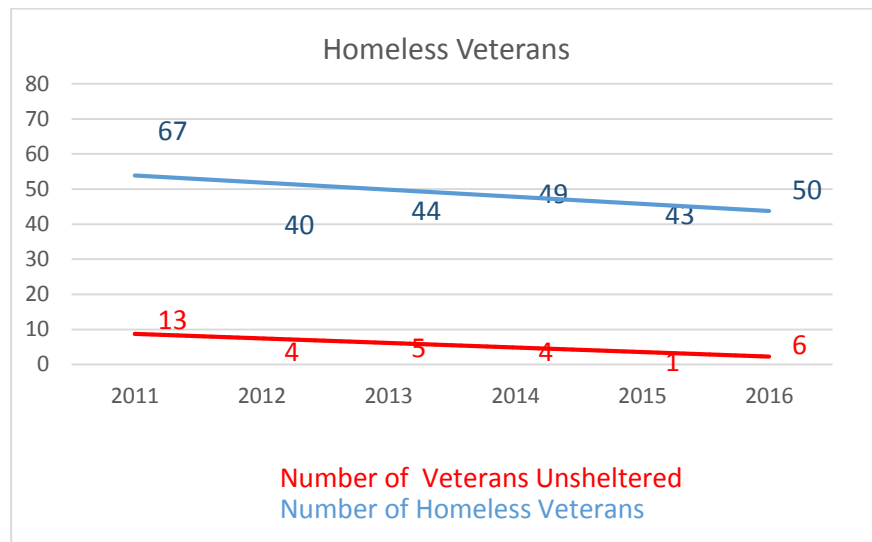
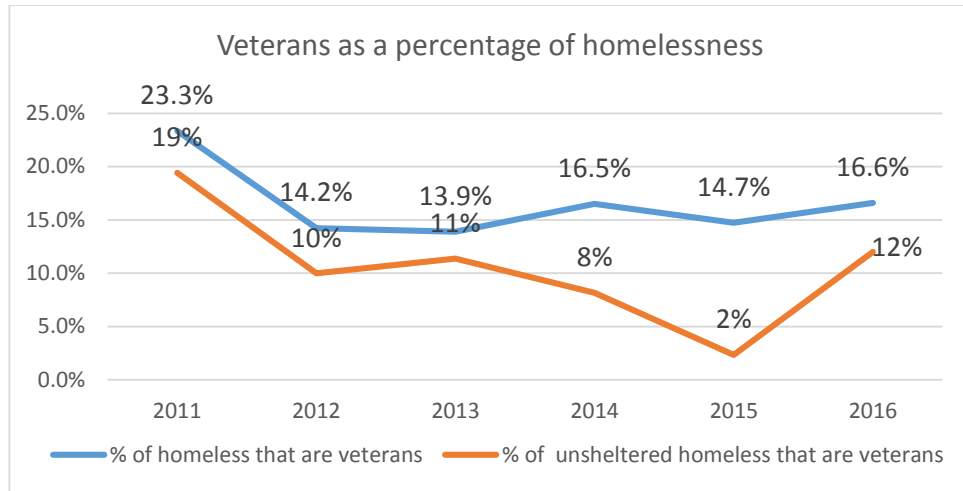
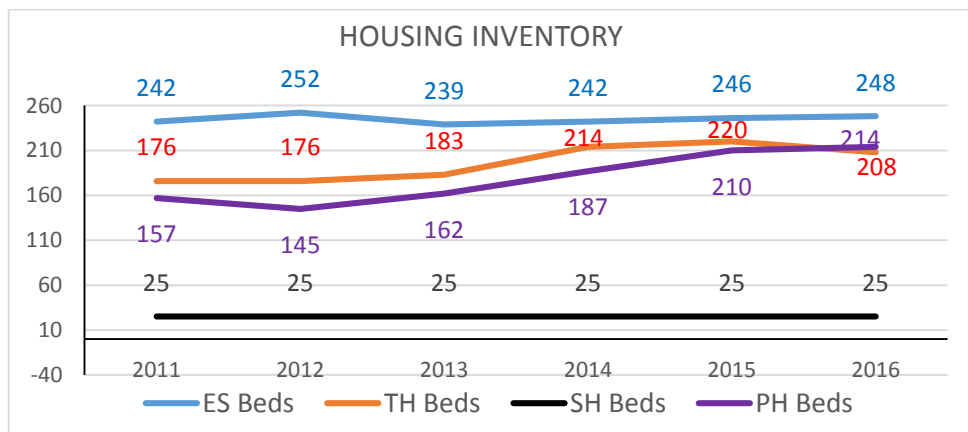


Chart 6



16. As was the case in 2015 “Temporary living situation ended” remains the highest primary reason given for homelessness in 2016, which supersedes substance use or mental health which were the primary reasons in multiple prior years. Substance use, mental health, and job loss were the top three primary reasons given for homelessness over the past five years.
17. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the highest benefit received (42.1 percent). The next highest source of income remains employment as almost one third (31.6 percent) of the homeless population are working. An increase in beneficiaries of Medicaid, SSDI, and Veterans benefits showing that our community is assisting them with these key targeted benefits. Those receiving Veteran benefits increased since 2014.
18. 48.8 percent or almost half of those surveyed have Medicaid or other health insurance.
19. Emergency Shelter inventory of beds remained largely unchanged at 248 beds in 2016. *In the U.S. ES beds increased 6 percent in 2015 and in Pennsylvania by 3.3 percent in 2014.*
20. Since 2011 Transitional Housing beds increased to 208 beds but decreased from last year’s high of 220 beds. *Transitional beds in the US were reduced by 7.8 percent in 2015 but by only 0.6 percent in Pennsylvania for in 2014.*
21. Permanent Housing beds increased by 36 percent to 214 beds since 2011. *The U.S. saw an increase of 69.2 percent since 2007 but Pennsylvania had a reduction of 3.6 percent in 2014.*

Chart 7



Submitted by George Payne, Chair of Data Collection, on behalf of CACH.

2016 CACH POINT IN TIME SURVEY RESULTS

I. SURVEY RESPONSES

| Table 1: Surveys | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|---|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total Survey Responses. | 503 | 548 | | | | |
| Unduplicated Survey Responses.* | 467 | 452 | 530 | 555 | 540 | 567 |
| Total Adults and Children (including near homeless and formerly homeless i.e. those in permanent housing programs.) | 636 | 640 | 683 | 988 | 793 | 791 |
| Survey Responses for Verified Emergency Shelter, Transitional Housing, Safe Haven, Unsheltered.*** | 301 | 292 | 297 | 317 | 281 | 287 |
| Total Adults and Children for Verified Emergency Shelter, Transitional Housing, Safe Haven, Unsheltered.*** | 433 | 402 | 396 | 390 | 386 | 394 |

* Each participant in a survey has an anonymous identifier composed of a string of letters and numbers derived from first initial, birth year, partial social security, and other demographic response codes that when created is unique only to that individual. The unique and anonymous identifier is used to de-duplicate all survey responses.

** “Other” refers to an option that survey participants check out of a list of known shelters, transitional, and permanent housing programs. They are discounted since living in “other” housing programs such as living in transitional halfway homes, recovery programs, etc., they may or may not be considered homeless by definition. “Unverified” refers to surveys that records the participant as staying in a known shelter, etc., but that shelter or facility does not show that participant’s anonymous identifier in their bed inventory during the night of the count. Unverified also pertains to submitted entrants from participating service provider’s caseloads that are known to be unsheltered, but were not contacted during the survey period to verify that they were unsheltered during the night of the count.

*****For the purposes of analysis, we define “homeless” those who are “unsheltered,” (Un) or in “Sheltered (Facility)” which are non-permanent homeless housing programs, specifically Emergency Shelter (ES), Transitional Housing (TH), and Safe Haven (SH).** This is the census target of the Point in Time Survey required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

Other categories of homelessness in this report include:

- “Sheltered (Non Facility)” i.e. Rapid Re-housing (RRH) and other rental assistance programs
- “Near Homeless” (NH) i.e. those who are about to be evicted, or are unstably housed in someone else’s home or an institution and about to become homeless, and
- “Permanent Housing” (PH) refers to those who are formerly homeless and are now in subsidized indefinite housing designated specifically for homelessness.

II. HOMELESSNESS SITUATION – HOUSING, DURATION, LOCALITY

A. “HOMELESS” Target Population of the US HUD Point in Time Census

Table 2: Homeless - Unsheltered and Sheltered (Facility). Percentage is derived as a percentage from unsheltered and sheltered (Facilities) totals only and of both adults and children.

| UNSHELTERED | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total |
| Total (Adults and Children) | 43 | 9.9% | 16 | 4.0% | 39 | 9.8% | 48 | 12.3% | 58 | 15.0% | 73 | 18.5% |
| Street/Sidewalk | 14 | 2.2% | 6 | 1.5% | | | | | | | | |
| Vehicle | 2 | 0.3% | 2 | 0.5% | | | | | | | | |
| Park | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | | | | | | | | |
| Abandoned Building | 7 | 1.1% | 1 | 0.2% | | | | | | | | |
| Bus/Train Station/Airport | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | | | | | | | | |
| Under Bridge/Overpass | 2 | 0.3% | 1 | 0.2% | | | | | | | | |
| Woods/Outdoor Camp | 2 | 0.3% | 5 | 1.2% | | | | | | | | |
| Client Did Not Specify | 14 | 2.2% | 1 | 0.2% | | | | | | | | |
| SHELTERED (Facility) | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total | # | % total |
| Total (Adults and Children) | 390 | 90.1% | 386 | 96.0% | 357 | 90.2% | 342 | 87.7% | 328 | 85.0% | 321 | 81.5% |
| Emergency Shelter | 205 | 32.2% | 199 | 49.5% | 192 | 48.5% | 184 | 47.2% | 178 | 46.1% | 166 | 42.1% |
| Transitional Housing | 170 | 26.7% | 166 | 41.3% | 138 | 34.8% | 143 | 36.7% | 136 | 35.2% | 143 | 36.3% |
| Safe Haven | 15 | 3.5% | 21 | 5.2% | 27 | 6.8% | 15 | 3.8% | 14 | 3.6% | 12 | 3.0% |

B. Other Homeless and Formerly Homeless Defined Situations (Percentage in the table is from out of all homeless category surveys)

| Table 3: | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | 2011 | | |
|--|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|-----|------------------|
| SHELTERED (Non-Facility) | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys |
| Rapid Rehousing | 34 | 5.3% | 56 | 6.9% | | | | | | | | |
| PERMANENT HOUSING (No longer homeless) | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys |
| Total Surveys (households) | 190 | 29.9% | 145 | 22.7% | 118 | 22.3% | 130 | 23.4% | 106 | 19.6% | 107 | 18.9% |
| NEAR HOMELESS | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys | # | % of all surveys |
| Total Surveys (households) | 13 | 2.0% | 47 | 12.0% | 64 | 12.1% | 108 | 19.5% | 76 | 14.1% | 48 | 9.7% |
| i. Being evicted within 2 weeks with no resource or place to go | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.1% | 4 | 0.8% | 1 | 0.2% | 64 | 11.9% | 5 | 1.0% |
| ii. Being discharged within 2 weeks from institution, no resources or place to go. | 2 | 0.3% | 2 | 0.2% | 8 | 1.5% | 3 | 0.5% | 10 | 1.9% | 9 | 1.8% |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|------|----|------|----|------|-----|-------|---|------|----|------|
| iii. Living with Others temporarily; Or living with others while not on lease; Or going from home to home. | 11 | 1.7% | 43 | 5.3% | 52 | 9.8% | 104 | 18.7% | 2 | 0.4% | 34 | 6.8% |
| iv. Motel/Hotel | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.1% | | | | | | | | |

C. Frequency and Duration of Homelessness

| Table 4: Frequency and Duration | 2016 | | 2015 | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| | # of responses | % of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH) | # of responses | % of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH) |
| No Response | 26 | 8.6% | 62 | 21.2% |
| First Time | 127 | 42.2% | 86 | 29.5% |
| Multiple Times | 148 | 49.2% | 144 | 49.3% |

Table 5: Chronic Homeless (Percentage is of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH) surveys)

| 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| 53 | 17.6% | 83 | 28.4% | 80 | 27.3% | 69 | 21.8% | 51 | 18.9% | 79 | 27.5% |

D. Locality of Original Term of Homelessness (Percentage is of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH))

| Table 6: Location | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| City of Harrisburg | 184 | 61.1% | 179 | 61.3% | 179 | 60.3% | 192 | 60.6% | 151 | 53.7% | 131 | 45.6% |
| Dauphin County not Harrisburg | 39 | 13.0% | 30 | 10.3% | 36 | 12.1% | 28 | 8.8% | 37 | 13.2% | 23 | 8.0% |
| Outside of Dauphin County | 77 | 25.6% | 50 | 17.1% | | | | | | | | |
| Unspecified | 1 | 0.3% | 33 | 11.3% | 82 | 27.6% | 97 | 30.6% | 93 | 33.1% | 133 | 46.3% |

III. HOMELESSNESS - DEMOGRAPHICS

A. Gender: (Percentage is of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH) non-blank responses to the question)

| Table 7: Gender | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|--------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| Male | 187 | 62.1% | 176 | 60.3% | 181 | 61.8% | 115 | 40.4% | 111 | 41.1% | 176 | 61.8% |
| Female | 114 | 37.9% | 116 | 39.7% | 112 | 38.2% | 170 | 59.6% | 159 | 58.9% | 109 | 38.2% |
| Other | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |

B. Ethnicity and Racial Categories (Percentage is of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH) surveys)

| Table 8: Ethnicity | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| Hispanic | 39 | 13.0% | 34 | 11.6% | 24 | 8.1% | 31 | 9.8% | 20 | 7.1% | 24 | 8.4% |
| Non-Hispanic/ No Response | 261 | 86.7% | 258 | 88.4% | 273 | 91.9% | 286 | 90.2% | 261 | 92.6% | 263 | 91.6% |

| Table 9: | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|----------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Race | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| African American | 139 | 46.2% | 147 | 50.3% | 151 | 50.8% | 152 | 53.1% | 132 | 50.6% | 136 | 51.7% |
| Bi-Racial/ Multi-racial | 5 | 1.7% | 8 | 2.7% | 8 | 2.7% | 6 | 2.1% | 4 | 1.5% | 3 | 1.1% |
| Caucasian | 146 | 48.5% | 111 | 38.0% | 103 | 34.7% | 116 | 40.6% | 107 | 41.0% | 116 | 44.1% |
| Native American | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.3% | 4 | 1.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Pacific Islander/ Asian | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.4% | 3 | 1.1% |
| No Response/ Other | 11 | 3.7% | 25 | 8.6% | 8 | 2.7% | 12 | 4.2% | 17 | 6.5% | 5 | 1.9% |

C. Age of Heads of Households

| Table 10: | 2016 | | 2015 | |
|--------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|
| Age (2015 and 2016 only) | # | % of homeless surveys | # | % of homeless surveys |
| 18 – 30 years old | 7 | 2.3% | 70 | 24.0% |
| 31 – 50 years old | 119 | 39.5% | 128 | 43.8% |
| 51 – 64 years old | 100 | 33.2% | 81 | 27.7% |
| 65 and above years old | 9 | 3.0% | 5 | 1.7% |
| No Response | 66 | 21.9% | 8 | 2.7% |

| Table 11: Average Age | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Unsheltered and Sheltered | 43 | 42 | 44 | 44 | 48 | 44 |
| Unsheltered | 47 | 46 | 51 | 49 | 54 | 50 |
| Sheltered | 44 | 42 | 43 | 43 | 47 | 43 |

D. Household Composition (Percentage is of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH) surveys)

| Table 12: | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|---|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Household Type | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| Under 18 – unaccompanied | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Under 18 – unaccompanied but with own children | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Unaccompanied Adult | 229 | 76.1% | 216 | 74.0% | 229 | 77.1% | 200 | 68.5% | 206 | 75.5% | 210 | 73.2% |
| Adult Individual with minors | 66 | 21.9% | 69 | 23.6% | 66 | 22.2% | 89 | 30.5% | 63 | 23.1% | 69 | 24.0% |
| Adult Couple – no minors | 5 | 1.7% | 1 | 0.3% | 2 | 0.7% | 2 | 0.7% | 4 | 1.5% | 1 | 0.3% |
| Adult Couple with minors | 0 | 0% | 3 | 1.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | 5 | 1.7% |

Table 13: Children in families (Percentage is of homeless (Un, ES, TH, SH) adults and children)

| 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| 132 | 30.5% | 134 | 33.3% | 99 | 25.0% | 117 | 30.0% | 127 | 32.9% | 107 | 27.2% |

Table 14: Homeless Veterans:

| Table 14: | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|-------------------|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|
| Homeless Veterans | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|
| Sheltered and Unsheltered Veterans | | | 43 | 14.7% | 49 | 16.5% | 44 | 13.9% | 40 | 14.2% | 67 | 23.3% |
| Unsheltered Veterans | | | 1 | 2% | 4 | 8% | 5 | 11% | 4 | 10% | 13 | 19% |

IV. HOMELESSNESS: CAUSES AND NEEDS

A. Reason Given for Homelessness – Primary (only one) and Secondary (can be more than one)

| <u>Table 15:</u> | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|
| PRIMARY REASONS | # | % of 301 surveys | # | % of 292 surveys | # | % of 297 surveys | # | % of 317 surveys | # | % of 281 surveys | # | % of 287 surveys |
| Drugs | 23 | 7.6% | 23 | 7.9% | 58 | 19.5% | 49 | 15.5% | 47 | 16.7% | 58 | 20.2% |
| Alcohol | 20 | 6.6% | 10 | 3.4% | 29 | 9.8% | 40 | 12.6% | 19 | 6.8% | 31 | 10.8% |
| Drugs and Alcohol | 30 | 10.0% | 21 | 7.2% | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic Violence | 26 | 8.6% | 22 | 7.5% | 28 | 9.4% | 13 | 4.1% | 23 | 8.2% | 14 | 4.9% |
| Mental Health | 41 | 13.6% | 35 | 12.0% | 51 | 17.2% | 40 | 12.6% | 18 | 6.4% | 22 | 7.7% |
| HIV/AIDS | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.3% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Eviction Due to Non-Payment of Rent | 19 | 6.3% | 29 | 9.9% | 18 | 6.1% | 25 | 7.9% | 22 | 7.8% | 15 | 5.2% |
| Job Loss | 24 | 8.0% | 21 | 7.2% | 43 | 14.5% | 51 | 16.1% | 44 | 15.7% | 51 | 17.8% |
| Family Break-Up | 28 | 9.3% | 14 | 4.8% | 23 | 7.7% | 28 | 8.8% | 25 | 8.9% | 15 | 5.2% |
| Medical Problems | 13 | 4.3% | 15 | 5.1% | 16 | 5.4% | 14 | 4.4% | 10 | 3.6% | 11 | 3.8% |
| Temporary Living Situation Ended | 57 | 18.9% | 38 | 13.0% | 33 | 11.1% | 48 | 15.1% | 42 | 14.9% | 40 | 13.9% |
| Other | 4 | 0.9% | 8 | 1.7% | 23 | 7.7% | 16 | 5.5% | 47 | 16.7% | 32 | 11.1% |

| <u>Table 16:</u> | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|
| SECONDARY REASONS | # | % of 301 surveys | # | % of 292 surveys | # | % of 297 surveys | # | % of 317 surveys | # | % of 281 surveys | # | % of 287 surveys |
| Drugs | 10 | 3.3% | 16 | 5.5% | 26 | 8.8% | 24 | 7.6% | 24 | 7.8% | 16 | 5.6% |
| Alcohol | 13 | 4.3% | 3 | 1.0% | 33 | 11.1% | 35 | 11.0% | 35 | 11.4% | 29 | 10.1% |
| Drugs and Alcohol | 11 | 3.7% | 23 | 7.9% | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic Violence | 13 | 4.3% | 8 | 2.7% | 3 | 1.0% | 11 | 3.5% | 11 | 3.6% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Mental Health | 62 | 20.6% | 43 | 14.7% | 33 | 11.1% | 34 | 10.7% | 34 | 11.0% | 20 | 7.0% |
| HIV/AIDS | 2 | 0.7% | 1 | 0.3% | 1 | 0.3% | 21 | 6.6% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Eviction Due to Non-Payment of Rent | 14 | 4.7% | 22 | 7.5% | 7 | 2.4% | 21 | 6.6% | 6.7 | 2.2% | 11 | 3.8% |
| Job Loss | 25 | 8.3% | 20 | 6.8% | 26 | 8.8% | 40 | 12.6% | 51 | 16.6% | 41 | 14.3% |
| Family Break-Up | 38 | 12.6% | 26 | 8.9% | 20 | 6.7% | 35 | 11.0% | 28 | 9.1% | 12 | 4.2% |
| Medical Problems | 23 | 7.6% | 13 | 4.5% | 23 | 7.7% | 32 | 10.1% | 14 | 4.5% | 17 | 5.9% |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|------|----|------|----|-------|
| Temporary Living Situation Ended | 55 | 18.3% | 24 | 8.2% | 41 | 13.8% | 29 | 9.1% | 29 | 9.4% | 31 | 10.8% |
| Other | 50 | 16.6% | 42 | 14.4% | 27 | 9.1% | 24 | 7.6% | 24 | 7.8% | 15 | 5.2% |

B. Disabilities: Table 17:

| Table 4: Disabilities | 2016 | | 2015 | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| | # of responses | % of homeless (Un, ES,TH,SH) | # of responses | % of homeless (Un, ES,TH,SH) |
| Chronic Health Conditions | 22 | 7.3% | 26 | 5.9 % |
| Post Traumatic Stress Disorder | 13 | 4.3% | 9 | 2.1 % |
| Physical Disability | 36 | 12.0% | 32 | 7.3 % |
| HIV/AIDS | 2 | 0.7% | 1 | 0.2 % |
| Intellectual Disability | 10 | 3.3% | 5 | 1.1 % |
| Brain Trauma or Injury | 5 | 1.7% | 5 | 1.1 % |
| Mental Health | 87 | 12.3% | 101 | 23.1 % |
| Substance Use | 37 | 12.3% | 35 | 8.0 % |
| Drug Use | 21 | 7.0% | 13 | 3.0 % |

| Table 18: | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|-----------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Income and Benefits Sources | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| Cash Assistance | 15 | 5.0% | 28 | 9.6% | 20 | 6.7% | 70 | 22.1% | 46 | 16.4% | 50 | 17.4% |
| Social Security | 15 | 5.0% | 9 | 3.1% | 47 | 15.8% | 17 | 5.4% | 35 | 12.5% | 40 | 13.9% |
| Disability SSI | 38 | 12.6% | 21 | 7.2% | | | | | | | | |
| Disability SSDI | 16 | 5.3% | 11 | 3.8% | | | | | | | | |
| Employment | 95 | 31.6% | 93 | 31.8% | 73 | 24.6% | 25 | 7.9% | 55 | 19.6% | 47 | 16.4% |
| Unemployment | 7 | 2.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 8 | 2.7% | 47 | 14.8% | 7 | 2.5% | 13 | 4.5% |
| Child Support | 8 | 2.7% | 3 | 1.0% | 7 | 2.4% | 7 | 2.2% | 3 | 1.1% | 11 | 3.8% |
| TANF | 17 | 5.6% | 23 | 7.9% | | | | | | | | |
| SNAP (Food Stamps) | 125 | 41.5% | 123 | 42.1% | 128 | 43.1% | 146 | 46.1% | 109 | 38.8% | 107 | 37.3% |
| Medicaid | 104 | 34.6% | 79 | 27.1% | | | | | | | | |
| Medicare | 11 | 3.7% | 6 | 2.1% | | | | | | | | |
| Other Health Insurance | 32 | 10.6% | 44 | 15.1% | | | | | | | | |
| Veterans Benefits | 31 | 10.3% | 28 | 9.6% | 7 | 2.4% | 6 | 1.9% | 8 | 2.8% | 8 | 2.8% |

Appendix A

List of Tables and Charts:

Table 1: Survey Responses

Table 2: Homeless – Unsheltered and Sheltered (Facility)

Table 3: Other Homeless and Formerly Homeless Defined Situations

Table 4: Frequency and Duration

Table 5: Chronic Homelessness

Table 6: Location

Table 7: Gender

Table 8: Ethnicity

Table 9: Race

Table 10: Age

Table 11: Average Age

Table 12: Household Type

Table 13: Children in Families

Table 14: Homeless Veterans

Table 15: Reasons for Homelessness: Primary

Table 16: Reasons for Homelessness: Secondary

Table 17: Disabilities

Table 18: Income and Benefits

Chart 1: Homeless Adults and Children (Unsheltered, Emergency Shelter, Transitional Housing & Safe Haven)

Chart 2: Sheltered (Facility) – ES, TH, SH.

Chart 3: Unsheltered

Chart 3: Permanent Housing

Chart 4: Near Homeless

Chart 5: Veterans (Number of)

Chart 6: Veterans (Percentage of_

Chart 7: Housing Inventory

Appendix B:

2016 CACH SURVEY FORM

CACH -POINT IN TIME SURVEY 2016 ORGANIZATION: _____ **PROGRAM:** _____

UNIQUE ID

SEARCH UNIQUE ID

SUBMIT RECORD

SAVE & EXIT CLEAR FORM PRINT

CURRENT HOUSING SITUATION

If Using HardCopy, in the appropriate category, write the place residing in the space provided.
Data Entry- Use PickList or type in the name of place if not listed. Are you currently...

A. UNSHELTERED

Street/Sidewalk
Vehicle
Park
Abandoned Building
Bus/Train Station/Airport
Under bridge/Overpass
Woods/Outdoor Camp
Client Did Not Specify

B1. SHELTERED - EMERGENCY SHELTER

B2. SHELTERED - TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

B3. SHELTERED - PERMANENT HSG FOR HOMELESS

B4. SHELTERED - SAFE HAVEN

B5. SHELTERED - RENT ASSISTANCE

C. NEAR HOMELESS

Being Evicted within 2 weeks with no resource or place to go
Being Discharged within 2 weeks from institution with no resources or place to go
Living with Others temporarily but have to leave within 2 weeks with no resources or place to go
Living with others temporarily while not on lease, or going from home to home Motel/Hotel

DEMOGRAPHICS & UNIQUE ID Last 2 digits of birth year

First Initial Birth Month

First 2 Digits of Social Security

VETERAN STATUS

No (N)
Served in Armed Forces (Y)
Served in Natl Guard or Reserve (Y)
Don't Know (x)
Client Refused to Answer (x)

If Veteran, is client receiving Veterans' benefits?
 YES NO Don't Know Refused

GENDER

Male (M)
Female (F)
Transgender (T)
Client Refused to Answer (x)

ETHNICITY

Hispanic (1)
Non-Hispanic (0)

RACE

African American (2)
Asian (3)
Bi-Racial/Multi-Racial (4)
Caucasian (5)
Native American (6)
Pacific Islander (7)
Other (8)

CREATE UNIQUE ID

LOCATION When you became homeless were you living in...

Harrisburg City? YES NO Don't Know Client Refused

If NOT Harrisburg, then in Dauphin County? YES NO Don't Know Client Refused

REASONS FOR HOMELESSNESS

PRIMARY -Pick ONLY ONE (#) from list below

Hardcopy-Write one NUMBER from below here _____ (Data Entry-use picklis)

What OTHER (Secondary) Reasons for Homelessness? Check ANY/ALL that apply.

1. Drugs 2. Alcohol 3. Both Drugs & Alcohol 4. Domestic Violence
 5. Mental Health 6. HIV/AIDS 7. Eviction due to Rent Non Payment
 8. Job Loss 9. Family Break Up 10. Medical Problems
 11. Temporary Living Situation Ended 12. Other

DISABILITIES Do you have any of these Disabilities? Check ANY/ALL that apply.

Chronic Health Condition Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)
 Physical Disability HIV/AIDS Have You Recieved Special Education Before?
 Brain Trauma or Injury Mental Health Substance Use Alcohol Use

DURATION AND CHRONIC HOMELESSNESS

ONLY UNSHELTERED or EMERGENCY SHELTER.

1. Is this first time being homeless? YES NO Don't Know Client Refused

2. If NOT 1st time, in the past THREE YEARS have you been in emergency shelter or unsheltered for... 4 times + Less than 4 times

2A. If 4+ times in 3 years - For all those times COMBINED how long have you been in ES or unsheltered? Less than 12 Months 12 mos or more Don't Know Refused

3. How long have you been in emergency shelter or unsheltered at this current time?
 < 1 Month 1-3 Months 4-11 Months 12 mos+ Don't Know Refused

FAMILY STATUS Type of Household

Under 18 - no accompanying gaurdian
Under 18 - with your own children but no guardian
Adult - Individual (by yourself)
Adult - Individual (by yourself) with children
Adult - Couple (without accompanying children)
Adult - Couple with accompanying children
Client Refused/Unknown

of Children with you

How Many of those Children are Male?

BENEFITS/INCOME

Check Any/All

Cash Assistance Social Security Disability-SSI Disability-SSDI Employment Unemployment
 Child Support TANF SNAP (Food Stamps) Medicaid Medicare Other Health Ins.